Ticket number 1

1. Give the definition of an intensive indicator and its role in assessing the phenomena being studied?

2. When we use the direct method of standardization applied and what is its significance?

3. What are the main sources of studying the incidence of the population you know?

4. What categories of SVP do you know?

Ticket number 2

1. Define the error of relative and average values?

2. When is Spearman's method used to calculate the correlation coefficient?

3. How we calculate the infant mortality rate and the perinatal mortality rate?

4. Structure of the city hospital, its main indicators.

Ticket number 3

1. What activities are carried out at the 1st stage of statistical research?

2. When is the method used to calculate the average values?

3. Give definition to the dynamic series, their role in medical statistics?

4. Structure of the obstetric-gynecological complex.

Ticket number 4

1. What activities are carried out at the 2-stage of statistical research?

2. 3. What kinds of dynamic series exist, give them a definition?

3. What sections of demography do you define?

4. Elements of anti-epidemic regimen in the obstetric-gynecological complex.

Ticket number 5

1. What methods are used to collect statistical material at the 2-stage of statistical research?

2. Give a definition of the ratio indicator and its role in assessing the phenomena being studied?

3. What types of interconnections exist between phenomena and signs?

4. What are the main tasks of the family polyclinic and its structure?

Ticket number 6

1. What activities are carried out at the 3-stage of statistical research?

2. Give the definition of the correlation relationship, in which processes it is observed?

3. How is the neonatal mortality rate calculated?

4. Indicate the outpatient monitoring scheme for a pregnant woman.

Ticket number 7

1. Give a definition of the statistical population, what kinds do you know?

2. When is the standardization method used in medical statistics?

3. When is the Pearson method used to calculate the correlation coefficient?

4. Specify the structure of the rural health center.

Ticket number 8

1. What is the plan and program of statistical research, what kinds of statistical tables exist?

2. What is the significance of aligning the dynamic series, what methods of alignment do you know?

3. What are the requirements for compiling graphic images?

4. Where and when are the health units organized, indicate their types?

Ticket number 9

1. Give a definition of relative values, their role in practical medicine?

2. How is the error and reliability of the correlation coefficient calculated?

3. What does the subject study demography, the role in the study of public health?

4. Indicate the performance of the city hospital?

Ticket number 10

1. Give the definition of the extensive indicator and its role in assessing the phenomena being studied?

2. Give a definition of the functional connection, in which processes it is observed?

3. Give the definition of cartograms, their significance for assessing the phenomena studied?

4. What is the treatment-protective regime of the hospital and indicate its main elements?

Ticket number 11

1. Give a definition of the indicator of visibility and its role in assessing the phenomena being studied?

2. Use of graphic images in medical statistics and their meaning?

3. Mechanical movement of the population, its medical significance?

4. What are the main tasks of the central district hospital and its categories?

Ticket number 12

1. Give a definition to the variation series, what kinds of it exist?

2. If the number of studied sets is 2, then by what formula is the boundary of reliability of means and relative values ​​determined?

3. What is regression, how is the regression coefficient calculated?

4. How is the incidence rate calculated?

Ticket number 13

1. When we use a simple way of calculating average values ​​applied?

2. When we use inverse method of standardization applied and what is its significance?

3. The use of graphic images in the study of various phenomena?

4. Indicate the main tasks of the SVP and its categories.

Ticket number 14

1. What is the reliability of the results of statistical research?

2. What is the natural movement of the population?

3. How is the measure of the natural movement of the population calculated?

4. Indicate the basic medical documents of the city polyclinic.

Ticket number 15

1. When we use the indirect method of standardization used and what is its significance?

2. Define the rate of growth rate and how is it calculated?

3. How is the birth rate calculated?

4. What are the main indicators of the maternity complex?